In the Claims:

(Currently amended) A method of fabricating a transistor, comprising:
providing a substrate comprising an isolation region and an active region;
forming a first doped region in the active region of the substrate with a first plurality of
ions;

driving in the ions of the first doped region further into the substrate to enlarge the first doped region and to make boundaries of the first doped region graded;

forming a gate electrode over the substrate after the driving in step, wherein at least part of the gate electrode is located in the active region, and wherein at least part of the gate electrode extends over a part of the first doped region;

forming a spacer along edges of the gate electrode to form an intermediate structure; forming a second doped region with a second plurality of ions within the first doped region, wherein a gate-side boundary of the second doped region is separated from a closest edge of the gate electrode by a first spaced distance, wherein the gate-side boundary of the second doped region is separated from a closest edge of the spacer by a second spaced distance, the second spaced distance being less than the first spaced distance, and wherein the spacer does not cover the second doped region.

2. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:

forming a first patterned mask layer over the substrate, wherein the first patterned mask layer has a first opening formed therein at a first location in the active region, wherein the forming of the first doped region comprises implanting the first plurality of ions into the

substrate at the first location through the first opening; and removing the first patterned mask layer.

3. (Original) The method of claim 2, further comprising:

forming a second patterned mask layer over the intermediate structure, wherein the second patterned mask layer has a second opening formed therein at a second location in the active region, and wherein the second location is located within the first location, wherein the forming of the second doped region comprises implanting the second plurality of ions into the substrate at the second location through the second opening, and wherein the second opening is not aligned with the closest edge of the spacer; and

removing the second patterned mask layer.

4. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:

implanting a third plurality of ions into the substrate at the active region in alignment with the edges of the gate electrode and edges of the isolation region to form a lightly doped region, wherein the spacer extends over part of the lightly doped region.

- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the driving in step is performed at a temperature between about 1000 and about 1200° C.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the isolation region has a field oxide structure.

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- 7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the isolation region has a shallow trench filled with insulating material.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the removing of the first patterned mask layer occurs before the driving in step.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the removing of the first patterned mask layer occurs after the driving in step.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the removing of the first patterned mask layer occurs during the driving in step.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the first patterned mask layer comprises photoresist material.
- 12. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the second patterned mask layer comprises photoresist material.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein an isolation-side boundary of the second doped region is separated from a closest edge of the isolation region by a third spaced distance.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein the third spaced distance is about equal in length to the first spaced distance.

15. (Original) A method of fabricating a transistor, comprising:

providing a substrate;

defining an active region, wherein at least part of the active region extends into the substrate;

forming an isolation region, wherein at least a majority of the isolation region extends at least partially around the active region, and wherein the isolation region comprises an insulating material formed at least partially in the substrate;

forming a first patterned mask layer over the substrate, wherein the first patterned mask layer has a first opening formed therein at a first location in the active region;

implanting a first plurality of ions into the substrate at the first location through the first opening to form a first doped region;

removing the first patterned mask layer;

driving in the implanted ions of the first doped region further into the substrate to enlarge the first doped region and to make boundaries of the first doped region graded;

forming a gate electrode over the substrate after the driving in step, wherein at least part of the gate electrode is located in the active region, and wherein at least part of the gate electrode extends over a part of the first doped region;

forming a spacer along edges of the gate electrode to form an intermediate structure; forming a second patterned mask layer over the intermediate structure, wherein the second patterned mask layer has a second opening formed therein at a second location in the active region, and wherein the second location is located within the first location;

implanting a second plurality of ions into the substrate at the second location through the second opening to form a second doped region within the first doped region, wherein a gate-side

boundary of the second doped region is separated from a closest edge of the gate electrode by a first spaced distance, wherein the gate-side boundary of the second doped region is separated from a closest edge of the spacer by a second spaced distance, the second spaced distance being less than the first spaced distance, and wherein the second opening is not aligned with the closest edge of the spacer.

16. (Original) The method of claim 15, further comprising:

implanting a third plurality of ions into the substrate at the active region in alignment with the edges of the gate electrode and edges of the isolation region to form a lightly doped region, wherein the spacer extends over part of the lightly doped region;

- 17. (Original) The method of claim 15, wherein the forming of the isolation region is performed before the forming of the first patterned mask layer.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 15, wherein the forming of the isolation region is performed after the driving in step.
- 19.-28. (Withdrawn)